



IMPORTANT DATES

- 1722 Jacob Prickett is born in Burlington Co., NJ.
- 1745 Jacob Prickett marries Dorothy Springer, May 11.
- 1753 Just before the French and Indian War, Jacob is recruited by 22 yr. old Lt. Colonel George Washington to go to the Forks of the Ohio.
- 1763 Proclamation of 1763 establishes all land west of the Allegheny Mountains as Native American hunting ground. Further settlement by whites is forbidden. All persons living west of the mountains were ordered to remove themselves immediately.
- 1772 *February:* Pricketts move from Georges Creek (Fayette County, PA, up the Monongahela) to (present day) Pricketts Creek.
- 1774 Prickett land becomes local center of activity. Settlers from up to seventeen miles away move to Pricketts settlement. A militia unit commanded by Capt. Zackquill Morgan and Lt. James Chew was formed. Militia begins construction of Fort to protect the settlers. Evidence suggests that the Fort was completed by July 1774.
- 1774 *September:* Isaiah Prickett, (son of Jacob Sr.) and a Mrs. Susan Oxx, were attacked two miles from Fort. Isaiah was killed and scalped, and Mrs. Oxx was never heard from again.
July: Lord Dunmore (Royal Governor of Virginia) begins campaign against the Native Americans, also known as Dunmore's War. Many men from Pricketts Fort involved.
October: Dunmore starts a second larger campaign against the Native Americans. An estimated 1000 men led by Andrew Lewis at Point Pleasant, VA (WV). Native Americans are defeated (this is also thought to be first battle of the Revolutionary War.)
- 1777 Much time was spent forting-up at Pricketts Fort. 1777 was known by the settlers as the bloody year of the three sevens.
April 15: Capt. William Haymond commands Militia Company at Pricketts Fort.
July 15: Capt. Zadock Springer's militia takes over Pricketts Fort.
- 1777-78 Native American war parties continue attacks on Virginia Frontier.
- 1781 Lord Cornwallis surrenders at Yorktown. The Revolutionary War is over, but Indian Wars continue.
- 1794 Shawnees and other tribes defeated at the Battle of Fallen Timbers. This ends Indian Wars west of the Ohio River.